

DO NOT MOVE SIMPLY FOR THE SAKE of moving—nor should you stay and "endure" disagreeable things just to AVOID moving! Consult the classified ads.

The Courier-Journal.

THE INVESTOR WHO DOES NOT read the real estate and other classified ads. is not much of an "investor!"

VOL. CVIII. NEW SERIES—NO. 14,199.

LOUISVILLE, SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 16, 1907.—12 PAGES.

PRICE THREE CENTS. (ON FRAYS FIVE CENTS.)

The Weather.
Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:
Kentucky—Fair Saturday; Sunday fair.
Tennessee—Fair Saturday and Sunday.
Indiana—Fair Saturday and Sunday.
Night variable winds, becoming fresh Saturday.

THE LATEST.

The selection of a jury to try Caleb Powers was begun at Georgetown and when the session closed there were five men in the jury box, four being Democrats and one of the Republican faith. The defense secured the appointment of a special bailiff to ascertain the political affiliations of the veniremen summoned from Harrison county. It developed during the interrogation that Powers' speech, made at the last trial, had been widely circulated in Harrison county. Most of the veniremen showed an unwillingness to serve on the jury, many claiming they had conscientious scruples against capital punishment.

Warwick M. Hough, general counsel for the rectifiers, says the acceptance by a Baltimore distilling concern of the Attorney General's construction of the pure food law as to the labeling of whisky will not result in the abandonment of the test cases to be brought by him.

There was a long-drawn-out argument in the John R. Walsh case yesterday over what is regarded as practically a plea for immunity because the defendant's books had been used before the Federal grand jury. Judge Anderson reserved his decision.

Dispatches to the mercantile agencies indicate the amount of contraction in business that is made necessary by inability to raise funds. The current volume of trade is large, however, but there is increasing conservatism regarding plans for the future.

A notable luncheon was given at the White House yesterday at which President Roosevelt entertained Archibald Ireland, of St. Paul, Andrew C. Neale, Secretary Root, Attorney General Bonaparte and Eugene Philbin, of New York.

The Georgia Court of Appeals, in a decision in a damage suit against an electric railway, holds that "a common carrier does not fulfill its legal duty until it provides a seat for each passenger."

The preliminary statement made by Mr. Hoover, attorney for Mrs. Annie M. Bradley, in court at Washington yesterday indicated that the plea of the defense will be insanity.

President Roosevelt delivered an address yesterday afternoon at the installation of the Rev. Wilbur Patterson Thirkield as president of Howard University, in Washington.

Bradstreet's Review of the exports of grain shows that the exports of wheat this week were the largest for any week in five years, except for one week in November, 1905.

Gov. Gillette, of California, has issued a proclamation calling a special session of the Legislature to consider measures in connection with the money stringency.

Clearing-house checks to a limited amount were put in circulation by four of the Chicago national banks yesterday. They were accepted readily by the public.

Col. Garrett J. Lydecker, Corps of Engineers, in charge of river and harbor works in the vicinity of Detroit, Mich., has been placed on the retired list.

About twenty-five persons were injured, two fatally, and a dwelling house was torn to pieces, by an explosion of natural gas in Pittsburg.

Mrs. Evelyn Romadich, a wealthy woman of Milwaukee, Wis., was given a prison sentence in Chicago yesterday for burglary and larceny.

A fire of unknown origin at the Baltic Shipbuilding yards at St. Petersburg destroyed two gunboats and damaged several other vessels.

Pablo Martinez Del Rio, probably the most prominent leader of Mexico, died at a hotel in San Antonio, Tex., of heart failure.

The ninth annual convention of the International Order of King's Daughters convened yesterday in Vicksburg.

The President will to-day sign the proclamation that will make Indian Territory and Oklahoma a State.

J. B. Thomas, cashier of the bank of Albany, Mo., committed suicide yesterday in Kansas City.

Two hundred and fifty-nine failures were reported this week. There were 224 the week previous.

The defense began taking testimony yesterday in the Steve Adams case at Rathfrim, Idaho.

Col. John S. Cooper, for many years a prominent attorney of Chicago, died yesterday.

The Marconi wireless station at Shannock, Mass., was destroyed by fire.

Seven persons were killed in a wreck on the Canadian Pacific railroad.

LITTLE DISORDER AND VERY FEW CARS IN COMMISSION

Police Keep Crowds Moving, and Strikers, As a Rule, Are Inactive.

Street Railway Company Gives Crippled Service On Five of Its Lines.

Strikebreakers From Chicago Are Imported To Take Regular Men's Places.

Expect To Run Cars On More Lines On Fixed Schedules To-day.

TRAFFIC STOPPED AT 6 O'CLOCK LAST EVENING.

Arrests For Strike's First Day.
Central Station—Sherman Williams, Edward Durnan, Matthew Skaggs, R. T. Randall, W. E. Johnson, W. A. Triner, R. E. Garrett, G. A. Barnett, Walter Duggins, John Smith, Dan Campbell and A. Oakleaf. All are charged with disorderly conduct.
First District—George Smith, Louis Schanz, Chester Call, Thomas Swift, John Burgess, William Long, James M. Taylor, P. L. Brady, George Fink, Albert Weiner, J. E. Dean, K. C. Dingus, T. J. Roberts, George Fust, James Rapier, P. D. Bernheim, Charles McBurns and James Wadler. All are charged with disorderly conduct. Carl Ballaway and John Schmitz were charged with attempting to destroy private property. R. F. Lee was charged with inciting a riot.
Fourth District—Thomas Nugent, disorderly conduct; M. L. Shrewsbury, disorderly conduct; John Schmidt and Paul Ballway, destroying property; John Schanz, Alex. Devit, Butler Welch, R. W. Hornback, William Smith and J. C. McKinley, disorderly conduct.
Sixth District—Boone Ashcraft, H. C. Reed, Fred Hazel, W. F. Reynolds, J. M. Leach, V. B. Jones, Joe Pecan, disorderly conduct.
Seventh District—Harry Borden, Lowell Ridge, Izzel Randolph, disorderly conduct; John Schade, obstructing the street railway.
Highland Park Station—W. M. Burgett, James Taylor, P. L. Brady and George Fink, disorderly conduct.

Will Enforce the Law.
I believe the public demands an enforcement of the law. I have taken an oath to see that the law is enforced and I mean not to break that oath. The police have been directed to afford protection to life and property and they are doing it.
JAMES F. GRINSTEAD, Mayor of Louisville.

Police Service Splendid.
We intend to run more cars and give better service to-morrow and improve the service from day to day. We did not run many cars to-day for several reasons.
First, the 500 strikebreakers who were due in Louisville at 4:30 o'clock this morning arrived here at 8:30 and, consequently, they were unable to get on the cars in a hurry.
Second, the company thought it best to concentrate the lines that it operated on Sunday afternoon when we propose to lay before them. Our intent was to give a better opportunity to get a firm grip on the situation and, second, so that the company could see the strong and weak points in the situation. Police service was splendid and, with their good assistance the outlook is encouraging.
Representative director Louisville Railway Company.
E. A. QUARLES.

Feels Good Over Situation.
I feel very good over the situation. We are going to make an open appeal to the public on Sunday afternoon when we propose to lay before them our grievances. I believe the public will refrain from patronizing cars which are manned by men who know nothing about running them. Our urgent desire is to win this fight through peaceable methods and persuasion and so long as we do that, I feel that the citizens will be with us.
Member International Executive Board.

Lack of serious disorder and a paucity of cars in service, characterized the strike of employees of the Louisville Railway Company yesterday. The entire police force was on duty practically all of Thursday night and throughout yesterday on street corners, guarding cars and stationed at the car barns for the protection of property.
Early in the morning there was some disposition of strikers and those who sympathized with them to congregate about the barns, but the officers of police in charge of platoons told the men that they must move on. In most cases the men did so without serious protest.

Strikebreakers Arrive.
Several hundred strikebreakers came in on a special train from Chicago yesterday morning. They were four hours late, and most of the morning was consumed by the company in getting these men housed at the different barns from which they are expected to work. At all the barns these men were re-enforced by old employees of the street railway company who are not members of the union.

Cars On Five Lines.
The small number of cars sent out yesterday is explained by a representative of the street-car company, who said that it was desired to try out the different lines first, promising to put in more cars to-day on more of the lines. All the cars sent out had been screened to protect the motorman from assault. Some of the cars were fairly well patronized, especially the Fourth avenue cars, which during the afternoon maintained a five-minute schedule. Cars were also run during the afternoon on Second street, Market street, East and West Broadway and Walnut street.

Mayor's Position Neutral.
Absolute neutrality relative to the differences between the Louisville Railway Company and its striking employees is being maintained by Mayor Grinstead and his Board of Public Safety. When asked yesterday afternoon whether he was contemplating any action looking toward arbitration of the differences between the railway

Will Enforce the Law.
I believe the public demands an enforcement of the law. I have taken an oath to see that the law is enforced, and I mean not to break that oath. The police have been directed to afford protection to life and property, and they are doing it.
Col. J. H. Haager, Chief of Police, kept in perfect touch with the situation yesterday. Despite the fact that he was at his office until almost 2 o'clock yesterday morning, he was back there again at 9 o'clock and remained at his desk during almost the entire day and until a late hour last night. He said that the Board of Public Safety had left him to deal with the situation largely as he sees fit, and that he has little fear but what he will be able to uphold the law without adding to the present police force.

Keeps Crowds Moving.
"The most essential thing in order to prevent rioting is to keep the crowds moving," he said. "This the men have succeeded in doing admirably to-day. Whenever a crowd begins to collect a policeman is detailed, and thus far the police have had no great trouble in dispersing the crowds."

Col. Haager, in answer to a question, said that he had twenty-two patrolmen in plain clothes on duty yesterday.

"We placed these men in automobiles

(Concluded On 2d Page, 2d Column.)

POLITICS PLAYS IMPORTANT PART

In Selection of Jury To Try Powers.

Defense Seeks Affiliation of Veniremen.

Day Closes With Five Men In Jury Box.

ONE OF THEM A REPUBLICAN.

Georgetown, Ky., Nov. 15.—[Special.]—That the speech made by Caleb Powers to the jury upon the occasion of his third trial for complicity in the alleged Goebel murder conspiracy has recently been circulated throughout the county of Harrison, from which a special venire has been ordered to secure a jury for the fourth trial, now in progress, and possibly through other counties contiguous to Scott county, and its circulation was either for political purposes or to influence possible jurors, was shown here to-day when the examination of the first 100 veniremen was begun in an effort to get a jury of twelve men.

Speech Generally Circulated.

In response to questions of the Commonwealth's Attorney, Mr. Franklin, quite a number of members of the venire stated under oath that copies of the speech, in book form, had within the last three weeks or a month come to them through the United States mails, handed to them by friends or thrown in the front yards of their homes in the little town of Cynthiana. That it had the effect of fixing opinions in the minds of some of those to whom it came was also stated by the men interrogated.

Five Men Temporarily Accepted.

Much of politics and political affiliations of men was heard in the Scott Circuit Court to-day during the examination of veniremen. Ninety-one of the 100 men summoned for to-day appeared in court shortly after 9 o'clock. Fifty-three were interrogated, from which number only five were temporarily accepted; that is, accepted subject to peremptory challenge of counsel in the case.

Defense Wants to Know.

At first the defense attorneys paid no particular attention to the statements of the men interrogated. On this point, finally, after possibly a half-dozen had made statements that the books had come to them, Attorney Owens, of counsel for that side, asked a venireman if he did not know that the campaign handbook of the Democratic party for this year contained an article on the Goebel assassination and that the Powers speech-book had been circulated to counteract the effect of that publication. To this the man under examination said that he had read the book. In some instances two copies of the book had come in the mail of a venireman. Some of them had read the matter in full, others only partly so, and some not at all. To these latter Attorney Owens put the question why they had not perused the document.

Most of the Veniremen Democrats.

The men examined to-day reside in the town of Cynthiana, at a distance of from six to ten miles, and are in the main farmers. Some few are residents of the town of Cynthiana, but none of these latter qualified themselves for jury service. When a man had passed examination by the Commonwealth's Attorney, the first question put to him by the defense was as to his political affiliation, and if he did not reside in a strongly Democratic neighborhood, he was asked if he was a Democrat and that party is in the majority in his immediate neighborhood.

Will Enforce the Law.

It was estimated by the defense side of the 100 summoned for to-day that not less than seventy were Democrats in politics.

To Ascertain Political Affiliations.

Counsel for Powers secured from Special Judge Morris an order appointing him to examine the veniremen, as special bailiffs of the court to go to Harrison county and summon veniremen for the defense with a view of putting before the court the political complexion of the entire venire and the manner and method of summoning men to make up the jury.

Defense May Challenge Panel.

When a venireman happened to be a Republican in politics, as was true of one man who qualified himself, he was accepted by the defense attorneys without interrogation. It is rather expected that if a jury is obtained from the 200 men who will have been examined by Tuesday morning next, which is not at all probable, the defense will challenge the entire panel on the ground set out in the Federal question already injected, and that they will instruct the Sheriff as to future actions in securing veniremen.

Scruples Against Capital Punishment.

A rather remarkable feature of to-day's proceedings in court was the number of men who, under oath, stated that they have conscientious scruples against the infliction of capital punishment where the evidence and the proven facts justify such a penalty. So many of the veniremen answered this question in the affirmative that Judge Morris became impatient, and asked one man if the feeling was epidemic in Harrison county, and answered if it was true that the men summoned here for jury service in this case had

after being summoned, agreed together to evade service by such an answer.

Majority Not Willing To Serve.

Two full jury panels and half of another had been exhausted before a man qualified himself for service. It was plainly apparent that the great majority of those brought here did not intend to remain and serve on the jury in this case if they could in any way avoid it. Of those who did not have conscientious scruples as to capital punishment excused themselves, having opinions so fixed that they could not be brought to say they could put them aside on going into the jury box.

All Sorts of Excuses.

One man stated that he had never heard of any of the Goebel murder trials and another expressed the fear that because of lack of education and training he could not comprehend the testimony in the case, and the main theme of the veniremen was an intelligent appearing body of men. Judge Morris took an active part in the interrogation of them.

The Five Jurymen.

The five men who have been accepted subject to peremptory challenge are: Walter H. Whitaker, aged thirty-two years, merchant, Democrat, of Oddville; Vance Price, aged twenty-seven years, farmer, Democrat, of Sunrise; J. P. Hodson, aged fifty-five years, farmer, Republican, of Oddville; J. W. Renaker, aged fifty-five years, farmer, Democrat, of Oddville; H. D. Florence, aged forty years, farmer, Democrat, of Elmarch.

SEVEN KILLED

WRECK ON THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Express Train Crashed Into Light Locomotive Which Was Running Wild.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 15.—Seven persons are reported killed in a wreck on the Canadian Pacific railroad at Chalk river last night. Express No. 8, which left here at noon yesterday, is said to have crashed into a light engine which was running wild, derailing itself and destroying both locomotives. The dead: J. IRVINS, baggage-master; body consumed in the wreck; D. C. CLARKE, express messenger, North Bay; J. S. YOUNG, engineer, North Bay; H. J. PRENDERGAST, brakeman, North Bay; J. O. NADEAU, fireman, North Bay. Among the injured are Thomas Fennell, of New York, and Engineer Young's fireman. The latter possibly will die. The mail car took fire and, with its contents, was destroyed.

BRINGS SUIT FOR HER FATHER'S SALARY

GEN. WHEELER'S DAUGHTER SEEKS TO COLLECT ALLEGED DEBT OF \$115,625.

Cleveland, Ohio, Nov. 15.—A suit was filed in Common Pleas Court here to-day by Miss Lucy Wheeler, of Wheeler, Ala., daughter of the late General Joseph Wheeler, against the McLean Army and Ordnance Company of this city, for \$115,625, said to be due her father's estate, for five and one-half years services rendered by General Wheeler as president of the company. Miss Wheeler is administratrix of the estate. The petition avers that General Wheeler acted as president of the company from July, 1901, until his death on January 25, 1906; that he devoted his entire time to securing contracts for the product of the company from the United States and foreign governments; that General Wheeler paid his personal expenses covering the entire period named, and that no part of his salary has been paid. The company manufactures arms and weapons of war.

NIGHT RIDERS LEAVE A WARNING TORCH

FIRST INDICATION OF LAWLESSNESS ALARMS FARMERS OF SHELBY COUNTY.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov.—[Special.]—Night riders have started in Shelby county, according to a report which reached here to-night, and it is said that the people of the section immediately surrounding Christiansburg are feeling very uneasy. According to the information received here a torch was found sticking in the ground in front of a barn on which was written, "Boo your tobacco."

"Nothing was harmed and a significant warning was all that is known about the visit of the men who came in the night. Nothing of this kind has occurred before in this section of the State."

CONFESSED CRIME BEFORE THE HANGING

NEGRO EXECUTED IN ALABAMA FOR ASSAULTING A LITTLE GIRL.

Birmingham, Ala., Nov. 15.—Doss Taylor, a negro, was hanged at Gretna to-day for criminal assault. The crime was committed in September against the little daughter of Alfred Johnson, a well-known farmer of the neighborhood. The girl was deaf and dumb and partly paralyzed.

A half hour before the execution Taylor confessed his crime to the sheriff.

LOUISVILLE MAKES RECORD

In Treatment of Present Financial Flurry.

Banks Less Rigid Than In Any Other City.

Past Week Shows Agreeable Improvement.

"FEATHER IN TOWN'S CAP."

In a statement issued by a member of the Supervision Committee of the Louisville Clearing-House yesterday, it is said that conditions during the week just closing are much better than for the one preceding. A noticeable improvement will be apparent from day to day, he says. He says with much pride that the policy of the Louisville house has been much less rigid both toward their local customers and correspondents than perhaps any other city of like class in the country.

"It is very gratifying to state at the close of the week that the Louisville banks have continued the liberal policy they inaugurated toward their customers. The situation in Louisville continues to be highly satisfactory. It is true, no relief has come to the banks from central reserve cities in the matter of currency shipments. The policy of the public in calling for as little currency as their absolute necessities require and their continuing to deposit with their banks all they take in has been most gratifying feature of the situation."

No Restriction On Checks.

"The Clearing-house Association has placed no restrictions on personal checks and they have provided liberally for the pay rolls of our large manufacturing enterprises. And this policy will continue. The reasonable restrictions placed upon shipments to out of town correspondents and their reasonable wants have been very helpful under the present stringent conditions."

Less Rigid Than Others.

"It is gratifying to be able to state that the disposition of the banks and the disposition of the public with the banks have been mutually considerate and conservative. It is no little thing for Louisville to be able to state, and the statement to be a fact, that their policy toward their correspondents and local customers has been less rigid or exacting than New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Chicago, St. Louis, Detroit, Milwaukee, Indianapolis and other cities of our class in the United States and if this policy can be pursued until the more favorable conditions come, it will be a feather in the cap of Louisville long to be remembered and long to be proud of. It is the determination of the bankers to win this distinction. And, if they do, as they hope to do, the consideration of the public who deal with the banks is entitled to their share of the glory."

Conditions Much Better.

"In closing it might be well to add that the conditions in Louisville were much better than the preceding week and, while it is not expected that we will get back to normal conditions at once, we believe the worst is over and that a gradual improvement will be noticeable from day to day from now on."

Louisville bankers point with pride to the fact that local institutions are so strong as to preclude the necessity of issuing cashier checks of small denominations to be used as substitutes for currency, as has been the case in Cincinnati, Chicago, St. Louis and many other cities.

RECTIFIERS WILL KEEP UP THE FIGHT

SAYS ATTORNEY HOUGH, WHO IS BACK IN WASHINGTON.

ACTION OF WILSON COMPANY NOT BINDING ON ALL.

CLAIMS THREATS WERE MADE.

Washington, Nov. 15.—[Special.]—Warwick M. Hough, the general counsel for the rectifiers, was in Washington to-day and was emphatic in his statement that the action of the Wilson Whisky Company, of Baltimore, in accepting the Attorney General's construction of the labeling provision of the pure food act would not result in an abandonment of other cases by the rectifiers. Mr. Hough expressed a great surprise at the Attorney General's statement, and, in fact, finds it difficult to believe that it was actually issued with the consent of the Attorney General.

Mr. Hough says the Wilson company was coerced into accepting the construction of the department. He adds that the statement of the Attorney General has nothing to do with the course he will pursue.

"I expect to get the cases in court within a few days," said Mr. Hough to-

night, "and there is no doubt about the ultimate outcome. If the Attorney General's construction of whisky could possibly be sustained by the courts it would be a reversal of everything which the Government has been doing in the past. I still expect a safe and sane course to be pursued by the Government in the matter of having the courts decide the questions at issue before endeavoring to force an acceptance of definitions which are generally regarded as incorrect. The action of the Wilson company cannot possibly be construed as an endorsement of the Attorney General's definitions. They merely yielded to a threat. Action which is not voluntary cannot be given the construction contended for it by that statement which is said to have been issued by the Attorney General."

MISSOURI BANKER COMMITS SUICIDE.

Kansas City, Nov. 15.—J. B. Thomas, a sixty-five-year-old cashier of the bank of Albany, Mo., committed suicide by shooting late this afternoon at a hotel here. No motive is known.

BARN DESTROYED ON DAVIESS COUNTY FARM

R. G. WALKER LOSES \$500 BY MIDNIGHT FIRE.

HAD NOT POOLED 1907 CROP OF TOBACCO.

WORK OF AN INCENDIARY.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 15.—[Special.]—Another fire of supposed incendiary origin occurred last night on the farm of R. G. Walker, one mile east of York-ville, when one of the tobacco barns on his farm within 100 yards of his residence, was completely destroyed by fire. The barn contained 2,000 pounds of fine tobacco besides a large number of farming implements and 4,000 feet of lumber. The loss is in the neighborhood of \$800. There was no insurance on the barn or contents.

The fire clearly appears to have been of incendiary origin. In November of last year a tenant house on Mr. Walker's farm was burned. The fire was believed from facts gained afterwards to have been the work of an incendiary, but the guilty persons were never located.

Mr. Walker is not a member of the American Society of Equity and did not pool his 1907 crop of tobacco, but pooled his 1905 and 1906 crops. Although he was requested to pool by the committee of the association, it is said that he was never threatened or received any communication in regard to the pooling of his tobacco. Mr. Walker does not believe that his barn was set on fire by a member or members of the American Society of Equity, but is of the opinion that the work was done by personal enemies.

The burning of this barn will be thoroughly investigated by Mr. Walker, and he has the co-operation of many prominent citizens in that section.

EAGLE QUILL PEN TO MAKE NEW STATE

PRESIDENT WILL SIGN INDIAN TERRITORY-OKLAHOMA PROCLAMATION TO-DAY.

Washington, Nov. 15.—With an eagle quill pen President Roosevelt, at 10 o'clock to-morrow, will sign the proclamation that will make Indian Territory and Oklahoma a State. No ceremony will attend the signing, the effect of which will be to put in motion the machinery of the State Government at Guthrie, Okla., which, owing to the difference in time, will turn its first wheel at 3 o'clock. The pen will be turned over to Gov. Franz, of Wisconsin, who will take it to the Historical Society of the new State.

BIG BLAZE SHOOT UP FROM THE SUN

ASTRONOMER ESTIMATES IT REACHED A HEIGHT OF 325,000 MILES.

Oxford, England, Nov. 15.—A remarkable outburst on the sun was observed by Prof. Ambrose, director of the Radcliffe observatory, at 11:45 a. m. to-day. An immense flame shot up to the rate of over 10,000 miles a minute until it reached a height of 325,000 miles. At 12:10 o'clock it broke into fragments and disappeared.

PROCLAMATION FOR THANKSGIVING DAY

GOV. BECKHAM ISSUES ANNUAL ANNOUNCEMENT TO CLERGYMEN OF KENTUCKY.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 15.—[Special.]—The following proclamation was issued to-day by Gov. Beckham: "In accordance with custom and the proclamation of the President of the United States, I hereby appoint Thursday, November 14th as a day of Thanksgiving and prayer throughout the Commonwealth. It is expected on that day that all of our people shall refrain from their usual business, employments and give thanks to All-wise Ruler who has so generously blessed us as a nation, and who has so bountifully provided for us. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be hereunto affixed. Done at Frankfort this 15th day of November, 1907. J. C. W. BECKHAM."

BRYAN'S CALL CAUSES SMILES

Presidential Campaign Without Cash Ridiculous.

Say Experienced Hunters of the Elephant.

Sensitive Trunk In Pockets of the Trusts.

THE PROBLEM TO BE MET.

Washington, Nov. 15.—[Special.]—The old stagers, practical politicians and political managers in the Democratic party will sit up, take notice and smile as they read the statement of Mr. Bryan or the part relating to a purely campaign, his call for volunteers and an appeal to the conscience of the voters.

It will strike them as funny and indeed, it is. The suggestion to challenge the Republican Campaign Committee to "open its books" and "show where its contributions came from" is positively convulsing. The idea of such a remarkable proposition is beyond the conjecture of the men of to-day who are in politics. The elephant of the G. O. P. will thrust his trunk several feet forward, wink and blink his great eyes and reach for more hay, and that this hay will be given him by the United States Steel Corporation and other trusts which live, move, have their being and flourish under the robber protection tariff there is not a doubt.

Eager For "Moneyless" Campaign.

The Republican managers of the national campaign next year would simply be delighted if the Democrats of the country would accept the view of Mr. Bryan as to how the campaign should be conducted. A moneyless campaign upon the part of the Democrats and plenty of money for all "necessary purposes" from their treasury would be "nuts" for them. They now have on hand, left over from the 1904 campaign, a sufficient amount of money to effect an efficient organization in all the States where the looking after, as a matter of fact they have but five States to "take care of" and that they will be "taken care of" without the saying.

Mr. Bryan's Long Hope.

For twelve years Mr. Bryan has been of the strong opinion that the people would vote the Democratic party in power in spite of the wealthy and favored classes. After the election in 1906 he told your correspondent that he or the party would finally win in defiance of the money power. I tried to get him to set a date, but did not succeed, though he did say that it might be in 1908, 1912 or 1916.

"Great heavens," said I, "you do not expect old Democrats to wait that long for a victory?"

"Yes, in a just cause you can spend a lifetime," was his reply.

Dreamer Without Practical Ideas.

This is Mr. Bryan. He is a good man and a true man, but a theorist and a dreamer with no practical ideas. That he would lead the Democratic party to victory in spite of the money power, as he lives, hoping that his views upon how the Government should be run in the interest of the whole people would finally triumph, there is no doubt in the world. That he is as honest as he is sincere is as true as gospel, and if elected he would not be a disappointment to the legitimate business interests of the country he would not want from the houseboats as does the present occupant of the White House.

Whatever he did would be done decently and orderly and without any high-falutin' and egotistical parade. He goes off now occasionally on views of the world, rather than on facts, and has no part or parcel with the Democratic faith, as taught by Jefferson, Jackson and Tilden, but if President it is believed that he would not be a disappointment to the legitimate business interests of the country he would not want from the houseboats as does the present occupant of the White House.

Wise Man In the White House.

Of course, now since Mr. Bryan has come out he will be our candidate. No one doubts that. But he is not in the next National Democratic Convention will not be completed before he is nominated by acclamation. On the Republican side the situation has cleared up not a little in the last few days. The President has about made up his mind that the only way for him to defeat the nomination of Gov. Hughes, of New York, and dominate the convention to make it possible for him to nominate Secretary Taft, is to keep his mouth shut about the third term and allow his friends to send all Roosevelt delegates they can. Those delegates at the proper time will be expected to vote for their next best friend, the great, good and big game

Mrs. Sedgwick's Rare
Study of Life.

Madame de Stael to
Benjamin Constant.

Madame de Stael to
Benjamin Constant.

THE CAR OF DESTINY. By C. N. and A. M. Williamson. Illustrations by Armand Both. Published by the McClure Company, New York City.

Mrs. Phelps' New Story.

Mrs. Phelps' New Story.

"The secret of life, I take it, was to accept the pleasures of life leisurely and accept its inconveniences with a shrug. As requisites, a gallant person will, of course, be 'amorous, but not too constant'; have a pleasant voice, and possess a talent for love-letters."

"Gallantry."

LITTLE JOURNEYS TO THE HOMES
OF EMINENT ORATORS. By Elbert
Hubbard. Published by G. P. Putnam's
Sons, New York City and London.

Among the Books.

LITTLE JOURNEYS TO THE HOMES
OF EMINENT ORATORS. By Elbert
Hubbard. Published by G. P. Putnam's
Sons, New York City and London.

Fiji and Its Possibilities

Miss Grimshaw was able to make such an intimate study of the life so primitive in its manners and morals, but—as Dr. Johnson said of a woman's preaching and a dog's standing on two legs—the wonder is that she was able to do it at all. However, she has not

Life and Times of
Stephen Higginson

old-fashioned fairs—scholarly and venerable dames dressed in "brown silk with tightly fitting caps and starched neckerchiefs" and "with soft little v-neck and sweet smiles," "as if two old-fashioned boyish sailors" "as if two old-fashioned family portraits had suddenly started to conscious life and had stepped down from their frames."

THE LIFE AND TIMES OF STEPHEN HIGGINSON. By Thomas Wentworth Higginson. Publishers, Houghton, Mifflin & Co., New York.

ENGLISH AUTHOR'S
NOVEL SCHEME TO
GIVE CUPID A BOOM.

rest? She arranges, as is most ineet and right, to spend the afternoon and evening with her young man. In the spring, summer, or early autumn their

when she thinks of the great number of
under passions that are nipped in the

The idea of excluding Mrs. Grundy from all participation in the arrangements and intruding them to youthful experts on wooing facilities is a good one, though Jack and Jill and 'Arriet and 'Arry would probably prefer to car-

the question of where the money will come from to start the first Court. Hall does not worry. Miss Phelps will arise some day," she declares. "practical philanthropy always

great personality of Queen Victoria for his own ends, and coined the national interest in her doings for his own enrichment into thirty-two pieces of silver." After being thus compared to

now turns out that the King, and John Murray, is the proprietor of the book. Its price was fixed by the King, who retains the copyright, Mr. Murray publishing the work on commission.

No doubt the King is making a tidy sum out of the book, for it is selling well, but his profits are by no means

black kitten, Impty. So when her mother had to leave her for nine nights and she had no one to put her to sleep with a story, she told one herself to

THE GIRLS FROM SCHOOL. By L. ...

little Girl was very lonely before she and Son Riley Rabbitt, but afterward days went too fast. There was so much to teach him—he had to learn

RE MUS AND BR'ER RABBIT.
 el Chandler Harris. With pictures
 or. By J. A. Condi. Published by
 rick A. Stokes Company, New
 City.

forty years or more "The Chitox" has been the delight of children in all sections of the land and the new volume issued by its capable publishers insures days of delight to

ligion and Historic
Faiths.

these lectures, many of which were delivered at the University of Berlin. Prof. Pfleiderer attempts to give, as his title suggests, a study of the history of the quest of the soul from the earliest times and in sundry places for which he has collected much material. As such a quest he views the various pagan religions; taking from them what was superstitious, he finds

The author is scholarly and revealing of the deepest meanings of God the soul of man. The orthodox will as has been said, follow him although they will not, and cannot, understand his message.

Some Recent Fiction

...sent. However, the story moves to good action, and there are several exciting moments. Gayle Langford up the interest of her indecision, manages twice to save her patriot life, and he on his part goes so far to forget his duty for her sake,

ago the "Pansy" book occupied a prominent shelf in the Sunday-library, and the life story of Erskine was eagerly read by

ere Thanet here enters upon a
lucky field, quite separated from
her ventures here before, and

and breeding, is better. "Birds and Beasts" is a collection of 100 poems by Aunt Rebecca, "to quote O. C. who in "the" character of "the Perhaps it was" her exquisite humor that kept her so young and vivacious; certain it is she is an old lady whom it is a pleasure to know. The book is by one of the boys Archie, and unexpected developments follow each other fast, serious at times, yet always

Courier-Journal.

—Published—
DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

Office, cor. Fourth Ave. and Green st.

A Consolidation of
THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 24, 1907.

LOUISVILLE DAILY DEMOCRAT.

Louisville, Ky., 1907.

MORNING COURIER.

Louisville, Ky., June 3, 1904.

First issued as the
Courier-Journal November 4, 1903.

Rates.

Daily edition, one year, \$5.00

Daily and Sunday edition, one year, \$5.00

Daily and Sunday, one month, \$1.00

Weekly edition, one year, \$1.00

To City Subscribers.

Daily, delivered, \$1.00 per week

Daily and Sunday, delivered, \$1.00 per week

Daily and Sunday, delivered, \$1.00 per week

Weekly edition, one year, \$1.00

Entered at the Louisville Post-office as
second-class matter.

10, 12 and 14 pages, 1 cent

15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000

TWELVE PAGES.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1907

"Business."

Friday Evening, Nov. 15.—The New

York stock market was subjected to con-

siderable fluctuation, and prices worked

downward throughout the session, final

prices showing losses of 2 to 5 points,

with many issues at new low levels.

Money on call was firm at 5 to 15 per

cent, with the ruling rate 12 1/2. Time loans

were firm and largely normal. Sterling

exchange was firmer.

The Chicago wheat market was fever-

ish and closed weak, with the December

delivery 3 1/2 to 3 3/4 net lower. Corn was

off 3/4 to 5/8, oats were 3/4 lower.

The cotton market was under pressure

and final prices were about 20 points net

lower.

The Chicago cattle market was strong

to a shade higher, the hog market steady

to lower and the sheep market strong

to a shade higher.

Southern Rivers and Harbors.

Gen. Alexander McKenzie, Chief of

Engineers of the Army, has submitted

his estimate of appropriations needed

for various works, under his control,

during the fiscal year of 1909. The item

of fortifications aggregates \$23,461,911.

Of this sum the following items are

recommended for our insular posses-

sion: Seacoast galleries at Guantanamo,

Cuba, \$1,029,000; Manila, \$6,488,000;

Sabig Bay, \$502,292. His estimates for

rivers and harbors in the United States

for the same period aggregate over

\$27,000,000, a very moderate sum com-

pared to that appropriated by Congress

in its last session, which will doubt-

less be increased at the forthcoming

session to the maximum figure. His

recommendations include very liberal

recommendations for the South. The

following are among them: North Car-

olina, inland waterway from Pamlico

Sound to Beaufort Bay, \$450,000; Cape

Fear river, \$250,000; Georgia, Savannah

and Brunswick harbors, each \$350,000;

Alabama, Mobile harbor, \$350,000;

Black Warrior and Tombigbee rivers,

\$700,000; southern passage Mississippi

river, \$1,500,000; Louisiana, inland

waterways from Franklin westward,

\$200,000; Ouachita and Black rivers,

\$401,135; Mississippi river, between

Ohio and Missouri rivers, \$250,000; Tex-

as, Galveston harbor, \$700,000 and \$1-

100,000, distributed among five rivers.

Contrary to custom Kentucky comes in

for two liberal estimates, the Kentucky

river \$310,000 and the Cumberland

river \$250,000. This gives some hope of

the completion of the locks and dams

on the Kentucky river, the system of

which has been under tardy construc-

tion by the general Government for nearly

thirty years, with several miles locks

still to be constructed. At the rate of

erating the power by the existing com-
plicated means—if, we say, that direct
process is discovered, it, combined with
the wireless mode of transmission
which Marconi plans, would usher in
a period as more wonderful than the
present as the present is more wonder-
ful than the past. Power abstracted
directly from the coal itself at the
mine and transmitted great distances
through the air—this would be the
miracle promised. Such an attainment
of inventive genius would affect rail-
road earnings, because it would reduce
the coal tonnage; it would reduce the
consumption of copper wire, because
wire would not be needed; it would
affect labor. But also it would cheapen
the cost of production in myriad ways,
and this would benefit consumers—
perhaps.

Banking Laws.
Because some banks have closed their
doors and others have been obliged to
resort to extraordinary methods there
is a general demand for new laws gov-
erning their operations. While the need
of some new laws is not to be denied,
it is yet worth while to note the sur-
viving conditions in legislation as a
cure for evils of all sorts. There is
nearly always a failure to notice wheth-
er the law in question are the result
of the lack of good laws or whether
they come from a disregard of the law.
Gov. Hughes, of New York, has taken
a step in the direction of providing
new laws for banks, but he has done it
with discretion and caution. He has
asked half a dozen of the officials of
banks and trust companies of New
York City to collate facts, receive sug-
gestions and to express their views as
to the changes needed in the laws of
the State which relate to the business
of the banks and trust companies, and
to make report on or before December
15. This commits the Governor to no
particular policy, and at the same time
opens the door to a wide discussion of
the subject.

It is stated that Mr. A. B. Hopburn,
who is to be the chairman of the com-
mission, is one of the strongest advo-
cates of the national banking system
in the financial world, and it is ex-
pected that he will recommend that the
State law be made to conform to the
Federal law on the subject of banks.
The example thus set by New York is
expected to extend to other States,
and there may be material changes
in the laws in the various common-
wealths of the country. It will prob-
ably not be forgotten, however, that
the inspection of banks required by
Federal law often leaves a good deal
to be desired. National banks have
failed, and subsequent investigation has
uncovered many bad practices of which
no hint was given in the examinations
made of them after the abuses were in
progress. It is worth while to in-
quire whether such failures were in-
evitable or whether they might be ob-
viated by a better system.

Meantime, the question of changing
the banking laws is not confined to the
States. Currency legislation by Con-
gress is almost everywhere urged, and
especially with a view to making our
currency more elastic. In his address
to the Merchants' Association in New
York, Secretary Cortelyou treats this
proposed legislation with caution. "In
the great field of legislation," he says,
"what we need are fewer and better
laws and better enforcement of them."
But the solution of the problems be-
fore us, he thinks, will not be the task
of a month or a year. We must ap-
proach this subject with a determina-
tion to exercise dispassionate judgment.
It seems plain, as has been said from
other sources, that he is not altogether
in accord with the specifics most com-
monly urged to relieve the stringency.

The need of a more elastic currency
is pretty generally conceded. The fa-
vorite specific is asset currency to be
issued by the national banks. To this
there is no great objection, provided
the currency be issued under conditions
which will render it absolutely safe.
That devices which closely resemble
asset currency have been resorted to
since the stringency, and that they
have been gladly accepted, is used as
an argument for the incorporation of
this into our monetary system under
authority of law. But devices to meet
an extraordinary emergency, even when
successful, are hardly good arguments
for a system to be used at all times.
It is possible to devise an emergency
currency secured by a deposit of all the
banks that issue it, which would be
quite safe, but the banks seem not to
care for the privilege if coupled with
that sort of liability, and without the
co-operation of the banks the plan
would not be workable.

Secretary Cortelyou lays much stress
on the need of co-operation, not only
among banks, but other business estab-
lishments. We have had conspicuous
examples of the utility of this sort of
co-operation during the panic, and it
marks something of a new era in our
financial world. Nevertheless, there is a
limit to the extent to which this co-
operation can be applied. The resources
of great institutions have been freely
used to sustain others that were in
temporary trouble, while intrinsically
sound. But the institutions which lent
their aid were restrained by a sense of
their own obligations, and they were
compelled to refuse aid to some other
institutions whose capital had been seri-
ously impaired. The one need now, as
Secretary Cortelyou says, is to put the
hoarded money back into the channels
of circulation, which would lead to the
complete resumption of business opera-
tions within twenty-four hours. But
as confidence is a plant of slow growth,
this beneficent change cannot be ex-
pected to take place otherwise than
gradually.

The fact is that legislation is not a
panacea for ills of the sort that have
overtaken the country. Acknowledged
defects in the laws may be, and should
be, promptly remedied. But the ills
which have resulted from the violations
of law that have taken place have had
their influence, and recovery from
them must be slow. The work of mak-
ing new laws must also be slow, and
great care should be exercised that the
work be done skillfully and with due
regard to the circumstances that are
likely to affect the country hereafter.
We need wise legislation for ordinary
times, as well as to relieve the present
situation.

The Third-Term Tradition.
This is the subject of an article in
the last number of the Independent
from the pen of Mr. James Schouler.
The writer begins by saying that it
need not surprise us that the time-
honored custom of limiting absolutely
each President's continuous period of
service to eight years is now in danger
of interruption. Nevertheless, he con-
tends that there was a more legitimate
reason for the longer terms when our
Federal Constitution was first adopted
than there is to-day. At first our lead-
ers looked with distrust upon an au-
thority so comprehensive that would
change hands so frequently. The peo-
ple were not thought qualified to select
an executive, hence the roundabout
method of the electoral college. But
the men of that early day did not look
far ahead as to the selection of a Presi-
dent, everybody expecting that Wash-
ington would be first chosen, as he was.
If he had permitted, he would have
been President all his life, but he was
too much a friend of republican insti-
tutions to consent to anything of the
kind. His example has been followed
by other Presidents down to the pre-
sent time. But Jefferson criticized the
Constitution for not giving the Presi-
dent a fairly long term, such as seven
years, with no right of re-election at
all.

The early Presidents were all candi-
dates for re-election once, but no more.
Both the Adamses failed of re-election,
but they were candidates. Van Buren
was a candidate to succeed himself in
1840, but was beaten. Mr. Schouler
makes the point that the chief reason
for his failure was because he was
looked on as representing in his person
the plans and purposes of his prede-
cessor, Andrew Jackson. This may
well be doubted. It was the panic of
1837 and the hard times of 1840 which
made the re-election of Van Buren im-
possible. Mr. Schouler significantly
says that there was a revolt against
the Jackson dynasty with this blind
slaughter upon corporations and corpo-
rate capital and its inevitable tendency
to breed quarrels everywhere and to
foster class jealousy. Now, whether
this is a just description of the Jack-
son dynasty or not may well be ques-
tioned, but the allusion to the present
Administration in this matter is not
obscure.

The writer of the Independent article
here notes a fact that has not been
made prominent in recent discussion.
During his campaign Gen. Harrison
pledged himself to serve, if elected, one
term only. For more than twenty
years after that no President of either
party was put forward to serve a sec-
ond term. Harrison's early death pre-
vented any test of his pledge not to
seek re-election, but both parties seem
to have adopted the idea. The pecu-
liar circumstances that surrounded
Abraham Lincoln led to his re-nomina-
tion and re-election. Grant, as the
military savior of the country, was also
re-elected a second term, notwithstanding
the errors of the first. Since then
Mr. Cleveland has been elected to two
terms, but not continuously, and Mr.
McKinley was twice chosen.

It is now proposed, says Mr. Schou-
ler, to give Mr. Roosevelt the unexam-
ined honor of a third term to the presi-
dency. He himself has given a solemn
pledge not to be a candidate again, and
Mr. Schouler believes he will adhere to
this promise. But if he should gain the
party nomination the ordeal of Novem-
ber would still remain, "and if he has
an opponent who can well unite the
opposition strength, an anti-third term
argument, when properly presented,
ought to convince at the polls." But
even if Mr. Roosevelt should be re-
elected, in defiance of precedent, this
new administration, conducted under
such circumstances, would be clouded
by the imputation of undue ambition,
selfishness and broken faith, and its
conduct, thus handicapped, would be
likely to drag him down rather than
exalt him higher in history.

It is to be supposed that Mr. Roose-
velt has considered all propositions.
Nevertheless, the disposition to re-nominate
him appears to gain strength. The
demand for his re-nomination comes
largely from officeholders and from
those who desire to enjoy the benefits
of presidential patronage.

VETERAN PASSES

Capt. Harrison C. Lamb Dies Following Operation.

PARENTS AMONG EARLIEST SETTLERS OF FLOYD COUNTY.

COMMERCIAL CLUB DOESN'T FAVOR PARCELS POST LAW.

TAX COLLECTIONS IN COURT.

Capt. Harrison C. Lamb, an old soldier of the Civil War, died Thursday night at St. Edward's City Hospital, New Albany, from the effects of an operation for the removal of gall stones. He was born in Greenville township, six miles north of New Albany, sixty-nine years ago, his parents being the earliest settlers of Floyd county. All of his long life was spent on the farm on which he was born, excepting four years in the army.

He is survived by his widow and four children: Clinton E. and Joseph Lamb, and Mrs. Thomas Long and Mrs. Joseph Atkins. He also leaves two brothers, John and William Lamb, of Floyd county, and two sisters, Mrs. Frank Yonowine, of Edwardsville, and Mrs. Joseph Dodd, of Burton, Kas. The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at the M. E. church at Galena under the direction of Sanderson Post, G. A. R.

Proposed Parcel Law Disapproved.

A special committee of the New Albany Commercial Club held a meeting for the purpose of considering and recommending to the club the proposed parcel post law. The committee was composed of Messrs. J. C. Clippinger, former New Albany mayor, and the commercial club members. The committee did not have sufficient time to discuss the postal savings bank, but in regard to the parcel post it will report in the near future. The parcel post bill, as suggested by the Postmaster General, is not practical and the Government should not attempt competition, as a common carrier, with the various transportation companies of the country. Those composing the committee were: C. C. Brown, chairman; W. W. Goffrey, J. S. Smith, S. W. Newberger and W. A. Hedden.

To Collect Taxes By Suits.

A communication has been received by Frank Green, County Treasurer of Floyd county, at New Albany, from the State officials in which he is advised that upon failure to collect the arrears of taxes from persons delinquent on taxes, the county must proceed to collect them by suit. The county attorney, who is empowered to bring suit to attach property and garnish wages if required, in order to make the money. The communication was signed by Fred A. Schaefer, chairman, and John E. Reed, secretary of the State Tax Board.

ITEMS OF INTEREST IN NEW ALBANY.

—Mrs. R. H. Barlow, of Milwaukee, is visiting Mrs. John A. Ziegler, of 143 West Elm street.

—Mrs. William Pollard, who was operated on at St. Edward's City Hospital is somewhat improved.

—W. C. Hixon, of this city, and Miss Katherine Busby, of Covington, Ky., were married in Louisville December 22.

—Blanche Wilson was granted a divorce from Jesse Wilson on proof of cruel treatment and failure to provide.

—Mrs. Earl Monroe came from Chicago yesterday to attend the funeral of her cousin, Miss Lillie Roberts. Miss Monroe was formerly Miss Daisy Brandenburg, of this city.

—Charles Hecgwald, of this city, was elected president of the Ohio Valley Improvement Association, held at Wheeling, W. Va.

The November meeting of Plankshaw Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will be held this afternoon at the home of Mrs. George H. Beers, 125 Chatterbox street.

The evangelistic convention in progress in the Advent Christian church, Silver Grove suburb, will be continued to-day, Monday, November 18, and to-morrow night.

—The Alpha Club, of the Silver Hills, will meet next Thursday afternoon at 8 o'clock. Harold Barret, instead of Mrs. S. B. Lynd, as was announced. Mrs. W. C. Lynd will be the leader.

—The damage suits brought by Peter Christensen against the Louisville and Southern Indiana Railway Company were set for trial by Special Judge Thomas Buskirk, of Paulsboro, N. J., 1000.

—The body of George Brown, a former resident, who died a few days ago at a home in Florence, Ind., will be taken from the railway station and placed in the vault at Fairview cemetery.

—Edward Busod, of this city, and Miss Olive Baker were married a few days ago in the Catholic church. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. S. J. Donahue, the parish priest. They will live here.

—"Be Good, But Be Good for Something," will be the subject of the Rev. W. C. Clifton's sermon at his home, 143 West Elm street, to-morrow morning. At night he will preach on "Sleep in the Church."

—James R. Stucker, a former resident of Washington county, and well known in this city as a member of the board of Stanton county, Neb. He went West about ten years ago, engaged in politics, and has met with success.

—The large pipe organ, contracted for several weeks ago by St. Paul's parish is being installed in the church by Messrs. Henry Plummer and the congregation hopes that it will be ready for use at the Thanksgiving day services.

—Homer Zuberer, the boy who was accidentally shot while hunting on his father's farm in Greenwood township, was in a condition yesterday afternoon that it was feared he would live but a few hours.

—The Right Rev. Joseph M. Francis, of Indianapolis, bishop of the Protestant Episcopal diocese of Indiana, will deliver a class of adults at St. Paul's Episcopal church Sunday, November 24. This is the third class to be confirmed at this church in the last nine months.

—Michael Gonder, arrested by Sergts. Adams and McLaughlin, on a warrant issued last May, charging him with having cruelly treated a dairy stable horse, entered a plea of not guilty in the Court yesterday. He was held in bond for his appearance to answer.

—A contract has been made by the Highland Country Club with Miles Kohrs to build a big old-fashioned clubhouse on the Silver Hills, west of the city. The work will begin at once and the clubhouse will be sufficiently large to hold a cordwood stick.

—The funeral of Miss Lillie Roberts took place yesterday afternoon at Central Methodist Episcopal church. The services were conducted by the former pastor, the Rev. W. F. Smith, and the body was taken last night to the Evansville packet to Brandenburg, Ky., the former home of the family, for burial.

—A charity ball will be given December 6 at Maenpacher Hall by the girls of the 6th Club, from 8:30 to 12 o'clock. At 8 o'clock a concert will be given, comedy, "Six Cups of Chocolate," will be produced by six members of the club. The proceeds of the affair will be devoted to the buying of coal for the poor of the city.

—In the Floyd Circuit Court yesterday afternoon the divorce suit of Carrie Burton against Edward Burton was continued until the January term. In the same tribunal the suit of Thomas R. Roper against Alice Benson, action for divorce, was transferred to the Clark Circuit Court on application of the defendant.

—Officers have been elected by the Harrison County Agricultural Society for the ensuing year as follows: William Taylor, president; George Kopp, vice

CINCINNATI'S Great Cancellation Clearance Sale

FOR ONE WEEK,
Commencing Monday, November 18th, 1907.
THIS SALE WILL EMBRACE
All the Odd Lots and Surplus Winter Goods

Of seven (7) Prominent Dry Goods, Notion and Furnishing Goods Houses, in their respective lines.
TERMS AND DATINGS will be those usually accorded by these houses for between-season purchases—no change in your usual terms.
Every merchant should avail himself of this great opportunity, NEVER OFFERED BEFORE BY CINCINNATI WHOLESALE HOUSES, to secure bargains with which to stimulate their Christmas business.
The reputation of the CINCINNATI MARKET FOR LOW PRICES is well established, and this unheard-of change to buy goods cheap, at this great cut-price sale, will further emphasize CINCINNATI in the minds of all wideawake merchants as THE MARKET FOR BARGAINS.
EACH HOUSE WILL CONDUCT ITS OWN SALE, consequently the competition will be very lively, thus guaranteeing buyers very low prices.

THE ALMS & DOEPKE COMPANY, THE JOHN SHILLITO COMPANY, LOUIS STIX & COMPANY, THE ISAAC FALLER'S SONS COMPANY, THE MEYER, WISE & KAICHEN COMPANY, REINS & MEISS, LEWIS WALD & COMPANY.

FREE TRANSPORTATION to and from Cincinnati will be furnished under the rules of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' Association.

President, Frank Self, secretary, Frank Watson, treasurer, James A. McCrae, Amos Weaver, C. W. Smith, W. F. Huff, James Dummell, James A. Harrison, Joseph P. Pinare, George Brown, David Kemper, E. Pittman and R. V. Davis, directors.

BUTTER STRIKE

Now Threatened By Consumers In Jeffersonville.

FARMERS ANNOUNCE ADVANCE OF FIVE CENTS A POUND.

BEAUTIFYING OF OLD CITY GRAVEYARD BEGINS.

EXTENSIVE PLANS UNDER WAY.

DRIVER OF PATROL WAGON BADLY HURT IN RUNAWAY.

BOY ACCIDENTALLY HURT WHEN REVOLVER EXPLODES.

Boy Hurt in Collision.

Like the rose, it has a sweetness "all its own."

Elijah's Manna

Like the rose, it has a sweetness "all its own."

Elijah's Manna

Like the rose, it has a sweetness "all its own."

Elijah's Manna

Like the rose, it has a sweetness "all its own."

Elijah's Manna

BUTTER STRIKE

Now Threatened By Consumers In Jeffersonville.

FARMERS ANNOUNCE ADVANCE OF FIVE CENTS A POUND.

BEAUTIFYING OF OLD CITY GRAVEYARD BEGINS.

EXTENSIVE PLANS UNDER WAY.

DRIVER OF PATROL WAGON BADLY HURT IN RUNAWAY.

BOY ACCIDENTALLY HURT WHEN REVOLVER EXPLODES.

Boy Hurt in Collision.

Like the rose, it has a sweetness "all its own."

Elijah's Manna

Like the rose, it has a sweetness "all its own."

Elijah's Manna

Like the rose, it has a sweetness "all its own."

Elijah's Manna

Like the rose, it has a sweetness "all its own."

Elijah's Manna

Like the rose, it has a sweetness "all its own."

Elijah's Manna

Like the rose, it has a sweetness "all its own."

Elijah's Manna

Like the rose, it has a sweetness "all its own."

Elijah's Manna

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

The teachers of Washington, Oregon, Owen and Bethlehem townships will hold a joint institute to-day at New Albany, Ind., for three weeks.

Mrs. Goldie McIntyre, residing in the northern part of the city, was yesterday notified to appear in the City Court this morning to answer a charge of infidelity.

The warrant was sworn out by Nannie Victory.

Deputy Sheriff Charles Pernett has attached a rock crusher, engine and boiler to satisfy a claim of the Indianapolis and Louisville Trust Company for \$1,000.

The property is near Clinton, Ind., and was used in construction work.

Word received from Mrs. George Hecgwald, of this city, that her son, Miss Irene Hecgwald, to Phoenix, Ariz., in search of health, not encouraging, and that she is not improving in the manner she hoped she would in that climate.

Mrs. Mary Montgomery, whose home is in Scott county, near Blocher, died of stomach trouble yesterday, aged fifty-five years.

She was the wife of Benjamin Montgomery, of that place, and was well known in the upper part of Clark county.

She was called out to embalm the body.

The Madison, a gasoline packet in the Madison and Madison trade and owned by Bethlehem, Clark county, Indiana, is being overhauled, and will return to the service with steam power instead of gasoline.

The Madison and Hanover, also of Bethlehem, have been in a hot competition all the summer for the Madison trade.

Yesterday the clerks in the office at the courthouse in Jeffersonville began work on the fifth book of one hundred hunters' licenses.

There have never before been so many licenses issued as this year, the new law making no distinction, but requiring a permit to be taken out by everybody who hunts on his own grounds or elsewhere.

The Knights of Pythias and Red Men of Bethlehem, Clark county, Indiana, have furnished Mrs. Millie Hecgwald, an aged widow, with clothing and food, to-day they will turn out in force to repair her house.

The orders do not usually go outside of their own ranks, as they did in this case, to show charity.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Taft, residing near New Washington, have just celebrated their twenty-fifth wedding anniversary.

Gathering which was attended by several of their children and a large number of friends.

Both of the aged couple are well in health, and are enjoying life.

William Simpson, an ex-Confederate soldier, who went from Kentucky to Charleston, the old county seat of Clark county, Indiana, and lived there nearly forty years, died early yesterday morning aged about sixty years.

He was a well-known man. His wife died before him, but he is survived by three of four grown children.

The meeting that was to have been held to-day by the Board of County Commissioners of Clark county to receive the new poor farm buildings has been called off by County Auditor George R. Parks because he has been notified by the contractor that the work will not be completed till next week.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON—At 7:30 p. m., November 15, 1907, Chester Anderson, son of Frank and George Anderson.

GIBSON—Fell asleep, November 14, 1907, at 3 p. m., at the residence of his father, A. H. Gibson, 418 W. Main street.

MILES—Courtland H. Miles, son of R. E. and Mattie Miles, aged 35 years.

ROBELL—Entered into rest Friday, November 15, 1907, at 9:30 a. m., Andrew Robell, beloved husband of Mrs. Mary Robell, aged 61 years and 10 months.

Funeral Monday morning at 9 o'clock, from residence, 125 West Walnut street, and from Sacred Heart church. Seven o'clock, at St. Louis cemetery. Relatives and friends of the family invited to attend.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

MEETINGS.

The annual meeting of the Louisville Protestant Orphanage Society will be held in the lecture-room of the Second Presbyterian church, Second and Broadway, at 8 o'clock, November 25.

All friends of the orphanage are cordially invited to attend.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

JOHN J. DAVIS, Undertaker.

STEAMSHIPS.

There are no ocean liners in service that surpass the New, Speedy and Luxurious Cunard Line Steamships of 20,000 tons.

"CARONIA," Nov. 23. Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples and Fiume.

"CARONIA," Jan. 4, Feb. 18. Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples and Alexandria.

"CARONIA," Jan. 16. Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples and Alexandria.

THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd. Local Agents NEW YORK BOSTON CHICAGO

For Sale:

Lots on Cherokee Parkway. Lots on Randall Avenue.

Prices much lower than usual in this neighborhood.

Inquiries to Real Estate Department.

Commercial Bank and Trust Co.

(Incorporated.) PAUL JONES BUILDING.

Sam P. Jones, President. Caldwell Norton, Vice President and Trust Officer.

E. W. Hays, Sec'y and Cashier.

CLARK'S CRUISE OF THE "ARADIC."

February 6 to April 17, 1908.

Seventy days, visiting only \$25.00 and up, including shore excursions. SPECIAL FARE.

Matia, 19 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, Constantinople and Athens. Tickets good to \$100 over in Europe. Tours round the world and to Memphis, Tenn.

F. C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

Fine Smoked Sardines In Oil.

(1-4 Size Key Opening Cans.)

Apollo Brand

7 1/2 C Can TO-DAY ONLY.

MAMMOTH GROCERY CO.

TOBACCO HABIT

STEAMSHIPS.

There are no ocean liners in service that surpass the New, Speedy and Luxurious Cunard Line Steamships of 20,000 tons.

"CARONIA," Nov. 23. Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples and Fiume.

"CARONIA," Jan. 4, Feb. 18. Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples and Alexandria.

"CARONIA," Jan. 16. Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples and Alexandria.

THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd. Local Agents NEW YORK BOSTON CHICAGO

For Sale:

Lots on Cherokee Parkway. Lots on Randall Avenue.

Prices much lower than usual in this neighborhood.

Inquiries to Real Estate Department.

Commercial Bank and Trust Co.

(Incorporated.) PAUL JONES BUILDING.

Sam P. Jones, President. Caldwell Norton, Vice President and Trust Officer.

E. W. Hays, Sec'y and Cashier.

CLARK'S CRUISE OF THE "ARADIC."

February 6 to April 17, 1908.

Seventy days, visiting only \$25.00 and up, including shore excursions. SPECIAL FARE.

Matia, 19 days in Egypt and the Holy Land, Constantinople and Athens. Tickets good to \$100 over in Europe. Tours round the world and to Memphis, Tenn.

F. C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

Fine Smoked Sardines In Oil.

(1-4 Size Key Opening Cans.)

Apollo Brand

7 1/2 C Can TO-DAY ONLY.


MAMMOTH GROCERY CO.

TOBACCO HABIT

STORE OPEN SATURDAYS UNTIL TEN O'CLOCK

The Modern Idea: "Good Individual Tailoring at the price of Non-Individual Readymade."

FINE TAILORING AT HALF PRICE



Look at the goods. Not a yard of doubtful style or dubious quality. Newest of the new — best of the best. Browns, for instance, as nowhere else. We might get more, but we don't — these are the prices:



\$28.50 \$25 \$22.50

<p>for Suits and Overcoats that other good tailors would have to charge \$40, \$45 and \$50 for.</p>	<p>for Suits and Overcoats that other good tailors would have to charge \$35, \$40 and \$45 for.</p>	<p>for Suits and Overcoats that other good tailors would have to charge \$30, \$35 and \$40 for.</p>
--	--	--

The price comparisons are conservative. Some of the same patterns can be seen in the highpriced shops at much higher figures. And if any of them are to be found in readymade the price will be higher than ours, without doubt—and for guessfits!

**YOU NEVER CAN MATCH OUR PRICES,
WHEREVER YOU LOOK.**

<p>Business Suits to order— \$15, \$17.50, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$28.50.</p> <p>Rock Suits to order—\$17.50, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$27.50, \$30.</p> <p>Evening Dress Suits to order— \$27.50, \$32.50, \$37.50.</p> <p>Fancy Vests to order—\$3.50, \$4, \$4.50, \$5.</p>	<p>Toggles to order — \$17.50, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$28.50.</p> <p>Raincoats to order — \$15.50, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$27.50.</p> <p>Levres Suits to order— \$20, \$22.50, \$25.</p> <p>Trousers to order — \$4, \$4.50, \$5, \$7.50.</p>	
--	---	--

All garments made by us will be pressed and kept in repair free of charge for one year.

THE **English Woollen Mills Co.** Incorporated

TAILORS AND WOOLEN MERCHANTS

KENTUCKY HEADQUARTERS—352 Fourth Avenue, Louisville.

MAIL ORDERS—We make quickly and fit perfectly. Write for self-measurement blank and samples.

BROOM

We make a
of the best
on the market

\$1.75 to

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—With the track of the Washington Jockey Club in the best of condition, with entries from stables whose total of 500 horses have overtaxed the stall accommodations of the grounds, and under conditions which argue well for the success of breeding, autumn racing on the Bannan course will be ushered in to-morrow. There will be a close of racing, with a liberal sprinkling of special stake events. Betting conditions will be the same as last year, the small score of bookmakers, instead of having fixed stands, moving constantly about the ring.

Whitney and Keene stables "will bring a string of half a dozen horses each. Royal Tourist, of the Whitney stable, is a prominent candidate for the installation stakes. The fixtures for the opening day are the sixth running of the Bladensburg Steeplechase and the seventh running of the Columbia Handicap.

of Woodstock, 92 (Macomber),
 Writ, 106 (Miami), 6 to 1,
 Copy, 90 (Warren), 3 to 1,
 1-138. Lady Lancers, Translu-
 cid, 100 (Miami), 3 to 1,
 Miss Breze, Eva Claire and Ful-
 asto ran.
 1-139. First Furlongs, pure: 1
 Palmer, 95 (Warren), 3 to 1,
 1-140. Second Furlongs, selling:
 Greenback, 105 (Mountain), 6 to 1, 3
 to 1,
 1-141. Third Furlongs, selling:
 March, Miss Nully Le Delbana,
 100 (Miami), 3 to 1,
 1-142. Fourth Furlongs, selling:
 Fern L. and Sombro also ran.
 1-143. Second Race—Five furlongs, selling:
 Morn, Miss 124 (G. D. H.), 3 to 1,
 1-144. Third Race—Five furlongs, selling:
 Tatum 11, 119 (Miami), 3 to 1,
 Ella Mayhew, 24 (G. D. H.), 3 to 1,
 1-145. Fourth Race—Five furlongs, selling:
 1902-5, 2. H. Brattain, White-
 ell, Mayhew, 24 (G. D. H.), 3 to 1,
 1-146. Fifth Race—Five furlongs, selling:
 San and Princess Davis also ran.
 1-147. Third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1902-5, 1903 (Miami), 190 (Miami),
 1-148. Fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-149. Fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-150. Sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-151. Seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-152. Eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-153. Ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-154. Tenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-155. Eleventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-156. Twelfth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-157. Thirteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-158. Fourteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-159. Fifteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-160. Sixteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-161. Seventeenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-162. Eighteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-163. Nineteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-164. Twentieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-165. Twenty-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-166. Twenty-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-167. Twenty-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-168. Twenty-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-169. Twenty-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-170. Twenty-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-171. Twenty-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-172. Twenty-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-173. Twenty-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-174. Thirtieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-175. Thirty-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-176. Thirty-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-177. Thirty-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-178. Thirty-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-179. Thirty-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-180. Thirty-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-181. Thirty-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-182. Thirty-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-183. Thirty-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-184. Fortieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-185. Forty-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-186. Forty-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-187. Forty-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-188. Forty-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-189. Forty-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-190. Forty-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-191. Forty-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-192. Forty-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-193. Forty-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-194. Fiftieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-195. Fifty-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-196. Fifty-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-197. Fifty-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-198. Fifty-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-199. Fifty-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-200. Fifty-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-201. Fifty-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-202. Fifty-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-203. Fifty-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-204. Sixtieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-205. Sixty-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-206. Sixty-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-207. Sixty-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-208. Sixty-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-209. Sixty-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-210. Sixty-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-211. Sixty-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-212. Sixty-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-213. Sixty-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-214. Seventieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-215. Seventy-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-216. Seventy-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-217. Seventy-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-218. Seventy-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-219. Seventy-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-220. Seventy-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-221. Seventy-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-222. Seventy-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-223. Seventy-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-224. Eightieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-225. Eighty-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-226. Eighty-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-227. Eighty-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-228. Eighty-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-229. Eighty-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-230. Eighty-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-231. Eighty-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-232. Eighty-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-233. Eighty-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-234. Ninetieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-235. Ninety-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-236. Ninety-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-237. Ninety-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-238. Ninety-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-239. Ninety-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-240. Ninety-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-241. Ninety-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-242. Ninety-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-243. Ninety-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-244. Tenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-245. Eleventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-246. Twelfth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-247. Thirteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-248. Fourteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-249. Fifteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-250. Sixteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-251. Seventeenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-252. Eighteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-253. Nineteenth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-254. Twentieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-255. Twenty-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-256. Twenty-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-257. Twenty-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-258. Twenty-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-259. Twenty-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-260. Twenty-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-261. Twenty-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-262. Twenty-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-263. Twenty-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-264. Thirtieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-265. Thirty-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-266. Thirty-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-267. Thirty-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-268. Thirty-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-269. Thirty-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-270. Thirty-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-271. Thirty-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-272. Thirty-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-273. Thirty-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-274. Fortieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-275. Forty-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-276. Forty-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-277. Forty-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-278. Forty-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-279. Forty-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-280. Forty-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-281. Forty-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-282. Forty-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-283. Forty-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-284. Fiftieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-285. Fifty-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-286. Fifty-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-287. Fifty-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-288. Fifty-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-289. Fifty-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-290. Fifty-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-291. Fifty-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-292. Fifty-eighth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-293. Fifty-ninth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-294. Sixtieth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-295. Sixty-first Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-296. Sixty-second Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-297. Sixty-third Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-298. Sixty-fourth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-299. Sixty-fifth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-300. Sixty-sixth Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-301. Sixty-seventh Race—Seven furlongs, selling:
 1-302. Sixty-e

[illegible]

Ocean, 108 (O. Brooks), 10 to 1—
 Northern California, 10 to 1—
 No. 12945. Bob May, Buster Jones,
 Aloia, Stolic, Tyrellan and Durbar
 ran.

SAN ANTONIO ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Five-eighths of a mile:
 1945. Wt. Horse. Wt.
 10 to 1. 6 Brawney Lad 10 to 1
 2 to 1. 2 Rooster Red 2 to 1

Lord of the Vale and Bona R. also ran.
 Ocean Beach—Purity course.
 Native Son, 106 (Post), 9 to 2—...1
 Palmetto, 84 (Bugs), 2 to 1—...2
 Oveland, 70 (Moreland), 7 to 1—...3
 Time, .59.25. Bondy, Crescen and
 Ocean Shore also ran.

OKLAND ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Five-eighths of a mile:
 1945. Wt. Horse. Wt.
 10 to 1. 6 Brawney Lad 10 to 1
 2 to 1. 2 Rooster Red 2 to 1

Lord of the Vale and Bona R. also ran.
 Ocean Beach—Purity course.
 Native Son, 106 (Post), 9 to 2—...1
 Palmetto, 84 (Bugs), 2 to 1—...2
 Oveland, 70 (Moreland), 7 to 1—...3
 Time, .59.25. Bondy, Crescen and
 Ocean Shore also ran.

MCKENNA

57 Ray Thompson	110	Herives	111	Heathcrott	112	Sold at our 80¢
58	111	59	112	60	113	best disk for the money
CONC RACE—One and one-eighth-		Aladdin	113	Modan	114	United States. Give us
61	112	Crestal Wave	112	Rockford	108	and be convinced.
62	113	63	114	64	115	
65 John McBride	102	Whisper	112	Karenina	103	
66 Parvo	102	67	113	68	114	
69	103	70	114	71	115	
72 Kinross	104	73	115	74	116	
75 Sanford	106	76	116	77	117	
78 Bill Cacer	107	79	117	80	118	
81 John	108	82	118	83	119	
84	109	85	119	86	120	
87 Overton	110	88	120	89	121	
THIRD RACE—Three-quarters of a-		90	121	91	122	
92	122	93	123	94	124	
95	123	96	124	97	125	
98	124	99	125	100	126	
101	125	102	126	103	127	
104	127	105	128	106	129	
107	128	108	129	109	130	
110	129	111	130	112	131	
113	130	114	131	115	132	
116	131	117	132	118	133	
119	132	120	133	121	134	
122	133	123	134	124	135	
126	134	127	135	128	136	
129	135	130	136	131	137	
132	136	133	137	134	138	
135	137	136	138	137	139	
138	138	139	139	140	140	
141	139	142	140	143	141	
144	140	145	141	146	142	
147	141	148	142	149	143	
150	142	151	143	152	144	
153	143	154	144	155	145	
157	144	158	145	159	146	
160	145	161	146	162	147	
163	146	164	147	165	148	
167	147	168	148	169	149	
170	148	171	149	172	150	
173	149	174	150	175	151	
176	150	177	151	178	152	
179	151	180	152	181	153	
182	152	183	153	184	154	
186	153	187	154	188	155	
189	154	190	155	191	156	
192	155	193	156	194	157	
195	156	196	157	197	158	
198	157	199	158	200	159	
201	158	202	159	203	160	
204	159	205	160	206	161	
207	160	208	161	209	162	
210	161	211	162	212	163	
213	162	214	163	215	164	
216	163	217	164	218	165	
219	164	220	165	221	166	
222	165	223	166	224	167	
225	166	226	167	227	168	
228	167	229	168	230	169	
231	168	232	169	233	170	
234	169	235	170	236	171	

Three	10	Rich Woods	134	Elmwood	135	Mitre	133
Four	11	Orren	135	Elmwood	136	Voltaire	133
Affable	10	Burt Neien	136	Piedmont	136	Voltaire	133
Barren	10	Willie Monahan	137	Four-Pipe RACB	35	One-half pair	134
Garth Morris	10	Dino Alvaro	134	Engs; handpick			
MART RACE	Five	and one-half pair		Jack Nuss	130	Xcell	108
Culate	15	Lila	135	Nevea	130	True Wine	102
Four	10	Southern Knight	132	Fireball	114	Pleming	103
in Hamilton	10	Hands Around	132	Bridge Nelson	108	Johnny Lyons	100
Angie	110	Sean Simon	135	Str Brillant	108	Early Tide	8
engs' entry				X Mcleek	161	entry	
PTH	RACE	Three-quarters of a		Badell entry			
ending							

194	Clay	89	Success	119	194	Clay	89	Success	119
195	Clay	90	Pepper Box	120	195	Clay	90	Pepper Box	120
196	Clay	91	Pepper Box	121	196	Clay	91	Pepper Box	121
197	Clay	92	Pepper Box	122	197	Clay	92	Pepper Box	122
198	Clay	93	Pepper Box	123	198	Clay	93	Pepper Box	123
199	Clay	94	Pepper Box	124	199	Clay	94	Pepper Box	124
200	Clay	95	Pepper Box	125	200	Clay	95	Pepper Box	125
201	Clay	96	Pepper Box	126	201	Clay	96	Pepper Box	126
202	Clay	97	Pepper Box	127	202	Clay	97	Pepper Box	127
203	Clay	98	Pepper Box	128	203	Clay	98	Pepper Box	128
204	Clay	99	Pepper Box	129	204	Clay	99	Pepper Box	129
205	Clay	100	Pepper Box	130	205	Clay	100	Pepper Box	130
206	Clay	101	Pepper Box	131	206	Clay	101	Pepper Box	131
207	Clay	102	Pepper Box	132	207	Clay	102	Pepper Box	132
208	Clay	103	Pepper Box	133	208	Clay	103	Pepper Box	133
209	Clay	104	Pepper Box	134	209	Clay	104	Pepper Box	134
210	Clay	105	Pepper Box	135	210	Clay	105	Pepper Box	135
211	Clay	106	Pepper Box	136	211	Clay	106	Pepper Box	136
212	Clay	107	Pepper Box	137	212	Clay	107	Pepper Box	137
213	Clay	108	Pepper Box	138	213	Clay	108	Pepper Box	138
214	Clay	109	Pepper Box	139	214	Clay	109	Pepper Box	139
215	Clay	110	Pepper Box	140	215	Clay	110	Pepper Box	140
216	Clay	111	Pepper Box	141	216	Clay	111	Pepper Box	141
217	Clay	112	Pepper Box	142	217	Clay	112	Pepper Box	142
218	Clay	113	Pepper Box	143	218	Clay	113	Pepper Box	143
219	Clay	114	Pepper Box	144	219	Clay	114	Pepper Box	144
220	Clay	115	Pepper Box	145	220	Clay	115	Pepper Box	145
221	Clay	116	Pepper Box	146	221	Clay	116	Pepper Box	146
222	Clay	117	Pepper Box	147	222	Clay	117	Pepper Box	147
223	Clay	118	Pepper Box	148	223	Clay	118	Pepper Box	148
224	Clay	119	Pepper Box	149	224	Clay	119	Pepper Box	149
225	Clay	120	Pepper Box	150	225	Clay	120	Pepper Box	150
226	Clay	121	Pepper Box	151	226	Clay	121	Pepper Box	151
227	Clay	122	Pepper Box	152	227	Clay	122	Pepper Box	152
228	Clay	123	Pepper Box	153	228	Clay	123	Pepper Box	153
229	Clay	124	Pepper Box	154	229	Clay	124	Pepper Box	154
230	Clay	125	Pepper Box	155	230	Clay	125	Pepper Box	155
231	Clay	126	Pepper Box	156	231	Clay	126	Pepper Box	156
232	Clay	127	Pepper Box	157	232	Clay	127	Pepper Box	157
233	Clay	128	Pepper Box	158	233	Clay	128	Pepper Box	158
234	Clay	129	Pepper Box	159	234	Clay	129	Pepper Box	159
235	Clay	130	Pepper Box	160	235	Clay	130	Pepper Box	160
236	Clay	131	Pepper Box	161	236	Clay	131	Pepper Box	161
237	Clay	132							

St. Francis, Nov. 15.—Gim: Headlands Handicap from a well-limed field. Silver Stocking opened up and ran at one time was several lengths in the lead, but lost to Gimmed in the stretch.

Street Race—Five Furlongs: Pinner won by a neck; Summerville second.

Dan Casey, 109 (Baded), 12 to 1.....

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and a small, dark smudge near the center. A dark, irregular tear or hole is visible along the bottom edge of the page.

100

